A. Pressure available for uniform loss

Multiply by ____100_

A" = ______

Value of "G"

(Divide by the value of G.) **subtotal** _____

fixture in feet _____ X 1.5

(Water distribution piping material is

| WHICH | | |
|-------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| INFO | RMATI | ON REC | QUIRED | TO CAL | CULATE | WATER | SERVIC | E DIAI | METER | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|---------|
| 1. | Sprir | ıkler der | mand 1 | sprinkler | , 2 spi | rinklers | , add 5 | gpm f | or 2 family | dwelling | ((| GPM) | |
| 2. | | Difference in elevation from main or external pressure tank to building control valve. (feet) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | - | | | 1", 1- | | | — | |
| 4. | | | | | | | | | ng control | | | | _, |
| | | | | | | | | | 19 00111101 | | | (1001) _ | |
| | _ | | _ | | SSURE | | علمه مساد | | | | | | |
| 5. 6. | Low pressure at main in street or external pressure tank. Water service diameter is Material is Pressure loss per 100 ft = psi. X (decimal equivalent of service length, i.e.; 65ft = .65) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| J. | per 1 | 00 ft = | e diamei | osi. X | ivia (de | ecimal ed | ıuivalent | of serv | vice lenath | . i.e.: 65ft | = .65) | | |
| | | _ | | | (- | | | | btract line | | | - total | |
| 7. | Dete | rmine ni | raccura <i>(</i> | nain or l | oss due t | o elevatio | n. | (Su | Diract iiile | O HOITI III | e o.) Sub | ilolai _ | |
| ٠. | | | | | e by .434 | | ,,, | | | | value of " | 7" | |
| 8. | • | able pre | | | Š | , | (Ad | d or sı | ubtract the | value of " | 7".) sub | total – | |
| 9. | | - | | er meter | (when me | ter is ren | , | | | | value of "9 | | |
| | | | | | ` | | | | , | | | _ | |
| 10. | | • | | | • | | | , | otract line | | • | iotal _ | |
| 11. | | | Ū | | | | | | h serve thi | • | | _ | |
| 12. | Avail | able pre | essure be | efore seg | ment loss | 3 . | | (Subtr | act line 11 | from line | 10.) sub | total _ | |
| | | Sprir | nkler 1 | Sprii | nkler 2 | Segr | ment 1 | S | egment 2 | Segr | ment 3 | Segn | nent 4 |
| Pipe s | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mater GPM | ıaı | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Eleva | tion | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Qty. | Equiv. | Qty. | Equiv. | Qty. | Equiv. | Qt | y. Equiv | v. Qty. | Equiv. | Qty. | Equiv. |
| 45 EII | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90 EII 90 L. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ranch | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tee, r | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coupl | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adapt | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gate v Ball vl | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | length | XXX | | XXX | | XXX | | XXX | Κ | XXX | | XXX | |
| (a) To | tal Fauiv | . Length | | | | | | | | · | | | |
| | • | _ | | _ | | - | | _ | | | | | |
| | ss Per F | | | - | | - | | - | | | | | |
| . , | ss (a) x | | | - | | - | | - | | | | • | |
| | ev. Loss | | | - | | - | | | | | | | |
| (e) Sp | orinkler p | sig | | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| (f) To | otal (c + d | d + e) | | - | | (g) T | otal loss | from S | Segments | 1 through | 4 | | |
| (h) Pr | essure l | oss from | the most | demandir | ng sprinkle | r segment. | . (Line (f) | , Sprink | der 1 or Spi | rinkler 2) | | | |
| ` ' | | | | | - | _ | | • | e 11. (Line | • | | • | |
| | | - | | _ | | | | | ove) | | | | |
| | | | | · | - | _ | | | | | | 1 | |
| | CPVC T | ube AST | M F-442 | SDR 13. | 5 (C= 150 |)) | | ate gpm) | Pressure loss/ft | Pressure loss/ft | inch Pressure | inch Pressu | re loss |
| Flow | 3/4 inc | ch 1 in | ich 1 | 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 inch | 7 ' | 5P111) | 1035/11 | 1035/11 | loss/ft | loss/ft | |

| 10 | .058 | .019 | .006 | .003 | .001 |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| 11 | .070 | .023 | .007 | .003 | .001 |
| 12 | .082 | .023 | .007 | .004 | .001 |
| 13 | .095 | .027 | .010 | .004 | .001 |
| 14 | | | | | |
| 15 | .109 | .035 | .011 | .006 | .002 |
| | .124 | .040 | .013 | .006 | .002 |
| 16 | .139 | .045 | .014 | .007 | .002 |
| 17 | .156 | .051 | .016 | .008 | .003 |
| 18 | .173 | .056 | .018 | .009 | .003 |
| 19 | .192 | .062 | .020 | .010 | .003 |
| 20 | .211 | .069 | .022 | .011 | .004 |
| 21 | .231 | .075 | .024 | .012 | .004 |
| 22 | .251 | .082 | .026 | .013 | .004 |
| 23 | .273 | .089 | .028 | .014 | .005 |
| 24 | .295 | .096 | .030 | .016 | .005 |
| 25 | .318 | .104 | .033 | .017 | .006 |
| 26 | .342 | .111 | .035 | .018 | .006 |
| 27 | .367 | .119 | .038 | .019 | .006 |
| 28 | .393 | .128 | .041 | .021 | .007 |
| 29 | .419 | .136 | .043 | .022 | .007 |
| 30 | .446 | .145 | .046 | .024 | .008 |
| 31 | .474 | .154 | .049 | .025 | .008 |
| 32 | .503 | .164 | .052 | .027 | .009 |
| 33 | .533 | .173 | .055 | .028 | .009 |
| 34 | .563 | .183 | .058 | .030 | .010 |
| 35 | .594 | .193 | .061 | .032 | .010 |
| 36 | .626 | .203 | .065 | .033 | .011 |
| 37 | .658 | .214 | .068 | .035 | .012 |
| 38 | .692 | .225 | .071 | .037 | .012 |
| 39 | .726 | .236 | .075 | .039 | .013 |
| 40 | .761 | .247 | .078 | .040 | .013 |
| -10 | ./01 | .47/ | .070 | .070 | .013 |

CPVC ASTM F-442 Equivalent length of Pipe in Fittings

| | 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 |
|---------------|-----|---|-------|-------|----|
| 45 ell | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 90 ell | 7 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 11 |
| Coupling | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Tee on branch | 3 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| Tee on run | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Equivalent length of Pipe in Valves

| | 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 |
|----------------------|-----|---|-------|-------|----|
| Gate Valve | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Full flow ball valve | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Check Valve | 0 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 14 |

Copper Tube Type M ASTM B88 (C = 150)

| Flow rate | 3/4 inch Pressure | 1 inch Pressure | 1 1/4 inch | 1 1/2 inch | 2 inch Pressure |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|
| (gpm) | loss/ft | loss/ft | Pressure | Pressure | loss/ft |
| | | | loss/ft | loss/ft | |
| 10 | .084 | .023 | .009 | .004 | .001 |

| 11 | .100 | .028 | .010 | .005 | .001 |
|----|-------|------|------|------|------|
| 12 | .118 | .033 | .012 | .005 | .001 |
| 13 | .137 | .038 | .014 | .006 | .002 |
| 14 | .157 | .044 | .016 | .007 | .002 |
| 15 | .178 | .049 | .019 | .008 | .002 |
| 16 | .201 | .056 | .021 | .009 | .002 |
| 17 | .224 | .062 | .023 | .010 | .003 |
| 18 | .249 | .069 | .026 | .011 | .003 |
| 19 | .276 | .077 | .029 | .013 | .003 |
| 20 | .303 | .084 | .032 | .014 | .004 |
| 21 | .332 | .092 | .035 | .015 | .004 |
| 22 | .362 | .101 | .038 | .017 | .004 |
| 23 | .393 | .109 | .041 | .018 | .005 |
| 24 | .425 | .118 | .044 | .020 | .005 |
| 25 | .458 | .127 | .048 | .021 | .006 |
| 26 | .493 | .137 | .051 | .023 | .006 |
| 27 | .529 | .147 | .055 | .024 | .006 |
| 28 | .565 | .157 | .059 | .026 | .007 |
| 29 | .603 | .168 | .063 | .028 | .007 |
| 30 | .642 | .179 | .067 | .030 | .008 |
| 31 | .683 | .190 | .071 | .031 | .008 |
| 32 | .724 | .201 | .075 | .033 | .009 |
| 33 | .766 | .213 | .080 | .035 | .009 |
| 34 | .810 | .225 | .084 | .037 | .010 |
| 35 | .855 | .238 | .089 | .039 | .010 |
| 36 | .900 | .250 | .094 | .041 | .011 |
| 37 | .947 | .263 | .099 | .044 | .011 |
| 38 | .995 | .277 | .104 | .046 | .011 |
| 39 | 1.044 | .290 | .109 | .048 | .013 |
| 40 | 1.094 | .304 | .114 | .050 | .013 |

Copper Type M ASTM B88 Equivalent length of Pipe in Fittings

| | 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/4 | 1 1/2 | 2 |
|---------------|-----|---|-------|-------|----|
| 45 ell | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 90 ell | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| 90 L. T. ell | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Tee on branch | 4 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 13 |
| Tee on run | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 5 |

WATER CALCULATION WORKSHEET INSTRUCTIONS

The front cover of this pamphlet is a standard water calculation worksheet. The multipurpose piping system must be sized for the water distribution and multipurpose piping system. Use the front cover to do the water sizing as you would for any system without sprinklers. Next do the calculations for the multipurpose system with the pages that follow. The multipurpose piping must be sized to meet the requirements of both systems.

SPRINKLER CALCULATION WORKSHEET INSTRUCTIONS

FILL IN THE SEGMENT LOSS TABLE

There are 6 columns provided for calculating the loss from friction through the length of piping. Generally a Segment is defined as the equivalent length of pipe of a given size. The first two segments are intended to be used for the sprinklers in a multiple sprinkler compartment. Only one column is required when sizing for a single sprinkler compartment.

Fill in the top 4 rows of the sprinkler columns first. The pipe size, material, gpm (flow rate) through the segment and elevation from the control valve to the sprinkler.

The column headed "Qty." is provided for the number of each of the fittings in the rows. The column headed "Equiv." is the equivalent feet of the fittings multiplied by the quantity of the fittings, i.e. 6 - 1 ½ copper 90 degree ell's @ 3 equivalent feet for each equals 18 equivalent feet in the 90 Ell row.

The last row (Pipe length) is for entering the actual length of pipe (in feet) in the segment.

If the worksheet is being filled in for a multiple sprinkler compartment and you are not sure which sprinkler in the compartment is the most demanding, complete both sprinkler columns including all fittings and pipe for each sprinkler back to the point where they are both served by one common tee. Include that tee in the column. If the pipe diameter increases before the common tee, use one or more of the Segment columns to include the piping. The most demanding sprinkler in the compartment must be used in the calculation.

- Line (a) Add the "Equiv." column from "45 Ell" down through "Pipe length".
- **Line (b)** Go to the appropriate table on the opposite page; find the pipe size and gpm in that segment. The number in the intersecting row and column is the loss per foot. I.e. 26 gpm through a 1 ½ "Copper tube type M equals a .051 pressure loss per foot.
- Line (c) Multiply (a) the Total Equivalent Length by (b) pressure loss per foot. Enter the total in each of the columns.
- Line (d) Enter the elevation loss from the building control valve to the sprinkler (height x .434). (Sprinkler columns only).
- **Line (e)** Each sprinkler has a pressure required to supply the gpm for the coverage area. This is part of the listing. i.e. For a coverage area of 12ft x 12ft a single sprinkler may require a minimum flow of 12 gpm and residual pressure of 11.8. Enter the pressure of 11.8.
- Line (f) Add rows (c), (d) and (e). This is the loss from the sprinkler or sprinklers. Compare the two sprinkler columns and any additional Segments for the sprinkler. The sprinkler with the greatest loss is the most demanding.

Once you have determined the most demanding sprinkler, the combined gpm from the two sprinklers can be used to determine the loss from the water service, water meter and piping upstream. Continue by filling in the Segment columns that include the balance of the piping back to the building control valve or an appliance or device that creates an additional pressure loss.

- Line (g) Add the loss from each Segment from line (c). Include only the Segments.
- **Line (h)** Enter pressure required by the most demanding sprinkler. From line (f), Sprinkler 1 or Sprinkler 2.
- Line (i) Add line (g) and line (h). The result is the pressure required at the building control valve or after an appliance or other device that creates an additional pressure loss.

CALCULATE WATER SERVICE PRESSURE LOSS

- **Line 1**. Place an "X" to indicate the number of design sprinklers, 1 sprinkler or 2 sprinklers. Also place an "X" if the project is a 2 family dwelling. Write in the gpm demand from the design sprinklers (maximum of 2) and any additional as a result of serving a 2 family dwelling. It will be used for determining the pressure loss through the water service and water meter.
- Line 5. Determine the low pressure at the main or an external pressure tank. You may need to contact the water purveyor for this information. If the system is being served by a well with an internal pressure tank, enter the low pressure at the internal pressure tank in line 8.

Continue to fill in lines 6 through line 12.

Line (j) Enter the remaining pressure from line 12.